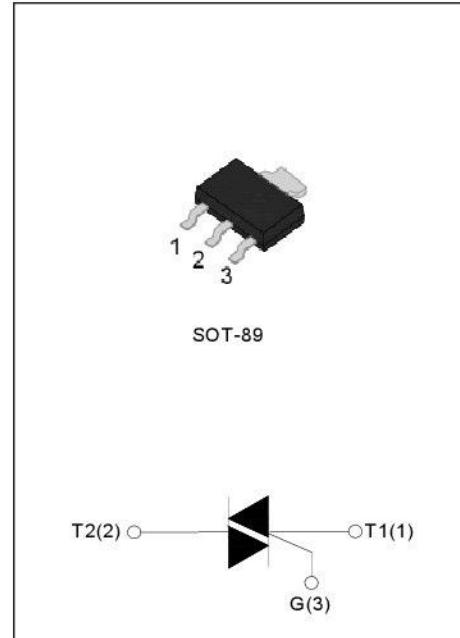


**BT131 DESCRIPTION:**

With low holding and latching current, BT131 series triacs are especially recommended for use on middle and small resistance type power load.

**MAIN FEATURES**

Symbol	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	1	A
$I_{TSM}$	16	A
$V_{TM}$	$\leq 1.5$	V

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Storage junction temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-40 - 150	°C
Operating junction temperature range	$T_j$	-40 - 125	°C
Repetitive peak off-state voltage ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{DRM}$	600/800	V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{RRM}$	600/800	V
Non repetitive surge peak off-state voltage	$V_{DSM}$	$V_{DRM} + 100$	V
Non repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RSM}$	$V_{RRM} + 100$	V
RMS on-state current	$I_{T(RMS)}$	1	A
Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (full cycle, $F=50\text{Hz}$ )	$I_{TSM}$	16	A
$I^2t$ value for fusing ( $t_p=10\text{ms}$ )	$I^2t$	1.28	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Critical rate of rise of on-state current ( $I_G=2 \times I_{GT}$ )	$dI/dt$	20	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Peak gate current	$I_{GM}$	2	A
Average gate power dissipation	$P_{G(AV)}$	0.5	W
Peak gate power	$P_{GM}$	5	W

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Test Condition	Quadrant		Value		Unit
				T	D	
$I_{GT}$	$V_D=12\text{V}$ $R_L=33\Omega$	I - II - III	MAX	5	5	mA
		IV		5	10	
$V_{GT}$	ALL		MAX	1.3		V
$V_{GD}$	$V_D=V_{DRM}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$ $R_L=3.3\text{K}\Omega$	ALL	MIN	0.2		V
$I_L$	$I_G=1.2I_{GT}$	I - III	MAX	5	5	mA
		II - IV		10	20	
$I_H$	$I_T=200\text{mA}$		MAX	5	7	mA
$dV/dt$	$V_D=2/3V_{DRM}$ Gate Open $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN	15	50	V/ $\mu\text{s}$

### STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

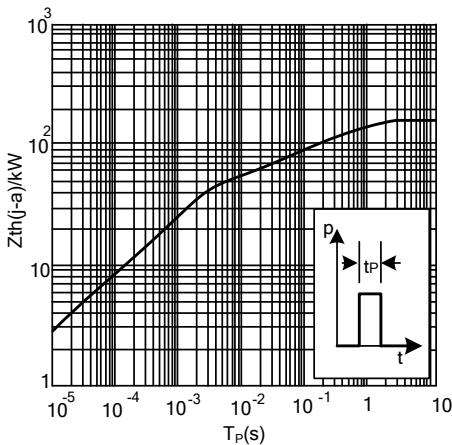
Symbol	Parameter		Value(MAX)	Unit
$V_{TM}$	$I_{TM}=1.4\text{A}$	$t_p=380\mu\text{s}$	1.5	V
$I_{DRM}$	$V_D=V_{DRM}$ $V_R=V_{RRM}$		5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{RRM}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		500	$\mu\text{A}$

### THERMAL RESISTANCES

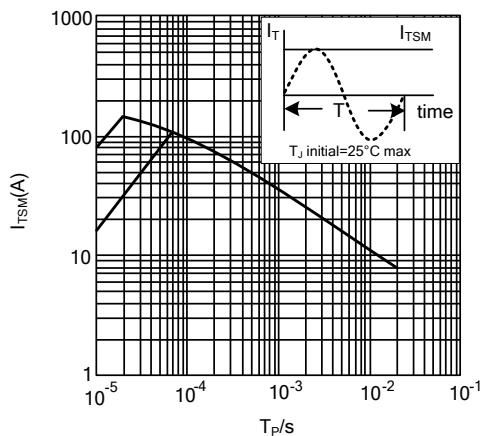
Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-c)}$	junction to case(AC)	TO-92 SOT-89/SOT-223/ SOT-89-2L/ SOT-223-2L	60 31
			$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

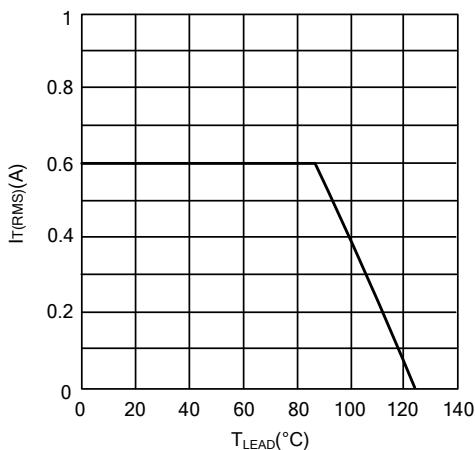
Transient Thermal Impedance From Junction to Ambient as a Function of Pulse Duration.



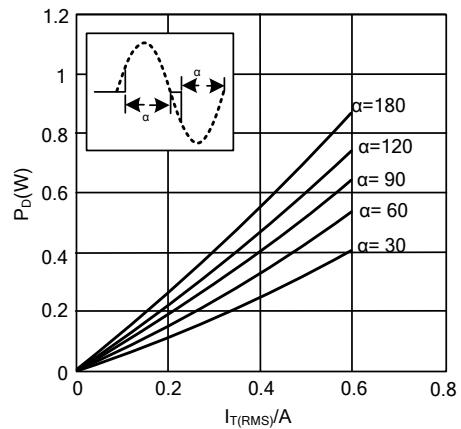
Maximum Permissible Non-Repetitive Peak on-State Current as a Function of Pulse Width for Sinusoidal Currents; Typical Values.  $t_{pl} = 20\text{ms}$ .



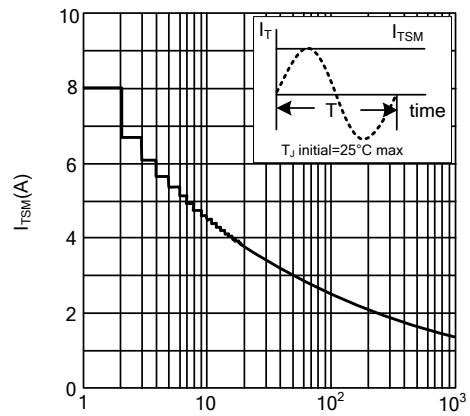
Maximum Permissible RMS Current as a Function of Lead Temperature; Typical Values.



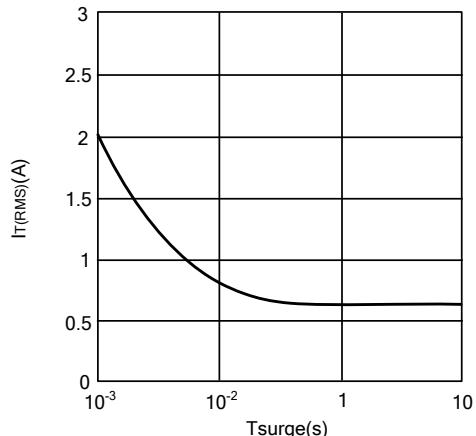
Maximum On-State Dissipation as a Function of RMS On-State Current; Typical Values.  $\alpha$ =Conduction Angle.



Maximum Permissible Non-Repetitive Peak On-State Current as a Function of Number of Cycles for Sinusoidal Currents; Typical Values.  $n$ =Number of Cycles at  $f=50\text{Hz}$ .

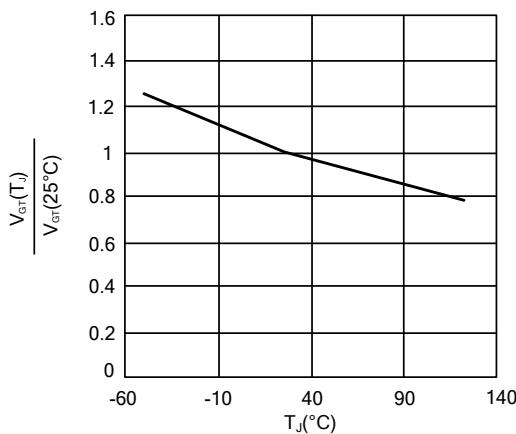


Maximum Permissible Repetitive RMS On-State Current as a Function of Surge Duration for Sinusoidal Currents; Typical Values.  $f=50\text{Hz}$ ;  $T_{LEAD} = 50^\circ C$

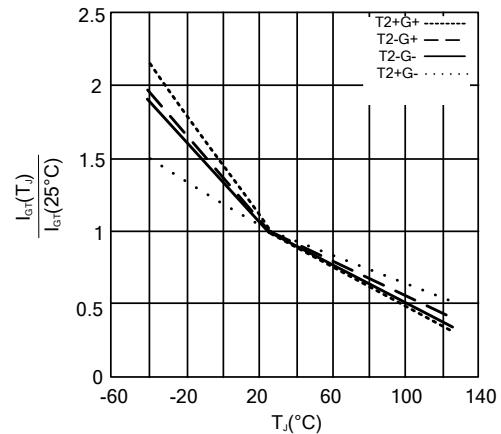


## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Cont.)

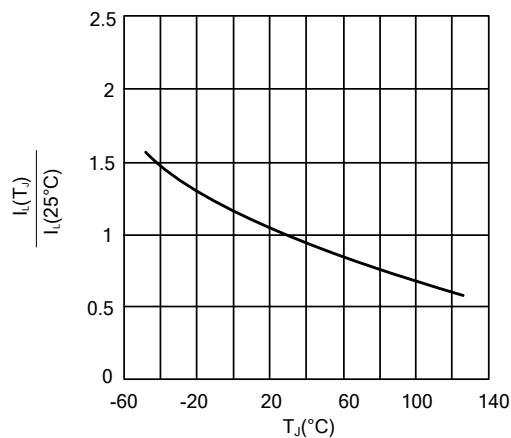
Normalized Gate Trigger Voltage as a Function of Junction Temperature; Typical Values.



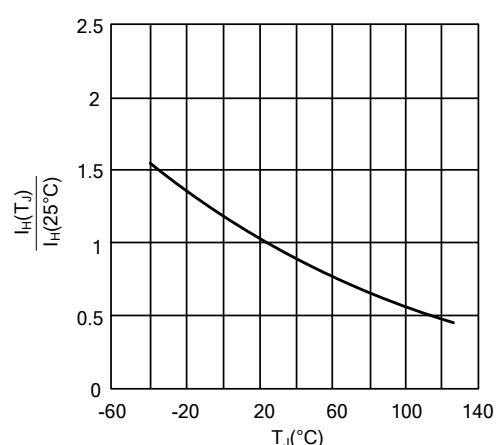
Normalized Gate Trigger Current as a Function of Junction Temperature; Typical Values.



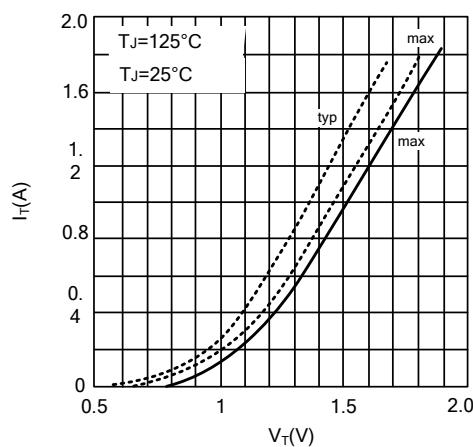
Normalized Latching Current as a Function of Junction Temperature; Typical Values.



Normalized Holding Current as a Function of Junction Temperature; Typical Values.



On-State Current as a Function of On-State Voltage; Typical and Maximum Values.



Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage as a Function of Junction Temperature; Typical Values.

